

Facts & Figures: ASEAN / India

Country	Population	Real GDP (PPP) (Billion USD)	Real GDP growth rate (%)	Real GDP per capita (USD)	GDP industry sector (% of total GDP)	Economic overview:
Brunei	491.900	36	1,41%	77.900	61,80%	almost exclusively an oil and gas economy; high income country; expansive and robust welfare system; the majority of the population works for the government; promulgating a nationalized halal brand; considering establishment of a bond market and stock exchange
Burma	57.527.139	291	1,00%	5.300	38,10%	prior to COVID-19 and the February 2021 military coup, massive declines in poverty, rapid economic growth, and improving social welfare; underdevelopment, climate change, and unequal investment threaten progress and sustainability planning; since coup, foreign assistance has ceased from most funding sources
Cambodia	17.063.669	86	5,40%	5.100	38,50%	one of the fastest growing economies; tourism and clothing exports; substantial manufacturing and construction sectors; COVID-19 declines and the suspension of EU market preferential access; massive reductions in poverty, but rural areas remain disproportionately poor
Indonesia	281.562.465	3.906	5,05%	14.100	40,20%	one of the fastest growing economies and largest in Southeast Asia; upper middle-income country; human capital and competitiveness phase of its 20-year development plan; COVID-19 reversed poverty reduction trajectory; strengthening financial resilience
Laos	7.953.556	64	3,75%	8.400	30,50%	lower middle-income, socialist Southeast Asian economy; one of the fastest growing economies; declining but still high poverty; natural resource rich; new anticorruption efforts; already high and growing public debt; service sector hit hard by COVID-19
Malaysia	34.564.810	1.152	3,68%	33.600	37,70%	upper middle-income Southeast Asian economy; implementing key anticorruption policies; major electronics, oil, and chemicals exporter; trade sector employs over 40% of jobs; key economic equity initiative; high labor productivity
Philippines	118.277.063	1.138	5,55%	9.700	28,20%	growing Southeast Asian economy; commercial rebound led by transportation, construction and financial services; electronics exports recovering from sector slowdown; significant remittances; interest rate rises following heightened inflation; uncertainties due to increased regional tensions with China
Thailand	69.920.998	1.516	1,88%	21.100	32,90%	upper middle-income Southeast Asian economy; substantial infrastructure; major electronics, food, and automobile parts exporter; globally used currency; extremely low unemployment, even amid COVID-19; ongoing Thailand 4.0 economic development
Singapore	6.028.459	755	1,08%	127.500	22,40%	high-income, service-based Southeast Asian economy; renowned for financial markets and Asian Infrastructure Exchange; business-driven regulations; low unemployment; electronics, oil, and chemicals exporter; continuing education investment
Vietnam	105.758.975	1.354	5,05%	13.700	37,10%	lower middle-income socialist East Asian economy; rapid economic growth since Đổi Mới reforms; strong investment and productivity growth; tourism and manufacturing hub; TPP signatory; declining poverty aside from ethnic minorities; systemic corruption
	699.149.034	10.298	Average value:	31.640		

India	1.409.128.296	13.104	7,58%	9.200	25,00%	largest South Asian economy; still informal domestic economies; COVID-19 reversed both economic growth and poverty reduction; credit access weaknesses contributing to lower private consumption and inflation; new social and infrastructure equity efforts
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Compared to:

China	1.416.043.270	31.227	5,20%	22.100	38,30%	one of the world's top two economies; sustained growth due to export relations, its manufacturing sector, and low-wage workers; only major economy to avoid COVID-19 economic decline; recovery efforts slowing due to longstanding poverty imbalances and other institutional issues; state-sponsored economic controls
Deutschland	84.119.100	5.230	-0,03%	61.900	28,10%	leading diversified, export-driven, core EU and eurozone economy; key automotive, chemical, engineering, finance, and green energy industries; growth stalled by energy crisis; tight labor market with falling working-age population; fiscal rebalancing with phaseout of energy price supports
USA	341.963.408	24.662	2,54%	73.600	17,70%	high-income, diversified North American economy; NATO leader; largest importer and second-largest exporter; home to leading financial exchanges; high and growing public debt; rising socioeconomic inequalities; historically low interest rates; hit by COVID-19

Source:

www.cia.gov

"The World Factbook" - Data estimation 2023

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Real GDP (PPP) = "A nation's GDP at purchasing power parity (PPP) exchange rates is the sum value of all goods and services produced in the country valued at prices prevailing in the United States in the year noted."

1 Billion (USA) = 1 Milliarde (German language); corresponding with "10⁹"